Diabetes Factors

Type 1 is not preventable since it is genetically based on family history. Age does not play a role in whether you develop type 1 diabetes since you can develop it at any age. It is more common in children, teenagers, and young adults.

Type 2 is kind of preventable or at least can be delayed with proven lifestyle changes. The risk factors for type 2 diabetes are: prediabetes, overweightness, 45 years or older, having a parent or sibling with type 2 diabetes, being physically active less than 3 times a week, having had gestational diabetes (diabetes during pregnancy), or having given birth to a baby that weighed over 9 pounds. If you have non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, you may also be a risk for type 2.

Prediabetes is where you are at risk of developing diabetes. The risk factors are the same risk factors as type 2 diabetes. Prediabetes can be prevented or reversed with proven lifestyle changes such as losing weight, eating a healthy diet, and getting regular physical activity.

These are just general guidelines and information about diabetes. You should consult your doctor for more information and if you have any questions.